IFSL Marlborough Bond Income Fund

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 May 2024



CONTACT INFORMATION

Authorised Fund Manager (AFM)

Investment Fund Services Limited (IFSL) Marlborough House 59 Chorley New Road Bolton BL1 4QP

Investor Support: (0808) 178 9321 (FREEPHONE)

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

Directors of IFSL

Andrew Staley (Non-Executive)
Allan Hamer
Dom Clarke
Helen Redmond
Sally Helston
Guy Sears (Independent Non-Executive) - resigned, 25 March 2024
Katherine Damsell (Independent Non-Executive) - appointed, 25 March 2024
Sarah Peaston (Independent Non-Executive)

Investment Manager

Marlborough Investment Management Limited PO Box 1852 Lichfield Staffordshire WS13 8XU

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

Depositary (in it's capacity as Trustee)

HSBC Bank plc 8 Canada Square London E14 5HQ

Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

Administrator and Registrar (from 1 June 2024)

SS&C Financial Services International Limited New Marlborough House 55-57 Chorley New Road Bolton BL1 4QR

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP Atria One 144 Morrison Street Edinburgh EH3 8EX

Administrator and Registrar (to 1 June 2024)

Investment Fund Services Limited (IFSL) Marlborough House 59 Chorley New Road Bolton BL1 4QP

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AUTHORISED INVESTMENT MANAGER'S REPORT

for the year ended 31 May 2024

Performance to 31 May 2024

	Six months	<u>1 year</u>	<u>3 years</u>	<u>5 years</u>
IFSL Marlborough Bond Income Fund	3.75%	8.13%	(9.45)%	(2.82)%
IA Sterling Corporate Bond Sector	3.50%	8.00%	(8.81)%	0.18%

External Source of Economic Data: Morningstar (P Income - quoted price to quoted price, net income reinvested).

The performance figures above are based on quoted prices and will, therefore, differ from the performance in the Comparative Table.

Capital at risk. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance; the value of your investment and any income from it can go down as well as up. Performance returns are based on the net asset value with distributable income reinvested and take account of all ongoing charges, but not entry charges (if applicable). The past performance of this unit class is calculated in sterling.

Investment commentary

Performance statement

The Fund returned 8.13% in the 12 months to 31 May 2024, compared to the peer-group benchmark*, the Investment Association (IA) £ Corporate Bond Sector, which returned 8.00%.

Market review

Volatility in bond markets was evident once again as investors and central banks struggled to interpret incoming economic data and thus form accurate expectations for the future path of growth, inflation and monetary policy. Despite this fact, the journey which government bond yields* went on largely round tripped them back to where they were at the beginning of the period. For instance, the UK 10y government bond yield moved by 130bps during the period yet, at a yield of 4.31%, finished only 13bps higher than where it had begun. Similar dynamics played out in most other major government bond markets.

While none of the world's most significant central banks has yet cut interest rates it is worth mentioning that some of the smaller developed market central banks began easing towards the end of the period. The Swiss National Bank, the Riksbank in Sweden and the Bank of Canada have now all begun their easing cycles with more cuts expected. Many emerging market central banks had begun their easing cycles earlier in the period.

Corporate bond markets largely fared better over the period. The surprising resilience of economies in the face of optically tight monetary policy, in the form of higher interest rates, led to increasing hope that central banks would be able to achieve successful disinflation without causing recessions. This resulted in strong performance for riskier and more cyclical assets, reducing the credit spread* between riskier corporate bond yields and more defensive assets in the government bond market. For example, the spread on the Bloomberg Sterling Corporate Bond index reduced by 60bps to 1.14%.

Fund performance review & portfolio activity

Duration* was kept between modestly underweight the benchmark and neutral throughout the year which meant the Fund did miss out on the rally in bond markets compared to the benchmark towards the end of 2023 but benefitted during the sell-off early in 2024. This felt prudent to err on the side of caution as the economic data printed a rather mixed set of results throughout the period.

Throughout the course of the year, the Fund exited all non-sterling denominated corporate bond holdings to favour a portfolio that comprised entirely of sterling corporate bonds. This resulted in the Fund being overweight corporate bonds versus the benchmark, to take advantage of the additional credit spread on offer. These spreads narrowed throughout the year, more recently the Fund has begun the process of reducing exposure to cyclically exposed companies that have performed well over the period.

This meant the Fund was fully exposed to sterling throughout most of the period and underweight both the dollar and the euro versus the benchmark. The sterling/dollar exchange rate remained range bound over the period so the overall impact on performance from currency positions was somewhat muted.

Investment outlook

Like other investors we have, at times, found it difficult to weave the information on the economy into a credible and complete narrative. It seems highly likely that we have continued to observe disruption resulting from the pandemic and its after-effects, not only in terms of data direction, interplay and magnitude but also regarding the quality of the data.

Notwithstanding this fact, our analysis and assessment continues to suggest two key considerations. Firstly, that we are late in the economic growth cycle and as such we anticipate slowing growth, weakening labour markets and ultimately falling wage growth and inflation. The timing remains uncertain but the direction of travel seems clearer. Secondly core government bond yields are attractive relative to the rich valuations observed in equity markets and corporate bond markets.

AUTHORISED INVESTMENT MANAGER'S REPORT

for the year ended 31 May 2024

Investment commentary (continued)

Investment outlook (continued)

The combination of these conclusions informs our belief that a more defensive posture is warranted as we move through the second half of this year and the major central banks begin easing policy in the face of weaker economies.

Marlborough Investment Management Limited 20 June 2024

Explanation of terms*

Benchmark - Comparator index for performance purposes used for performance comparison purposes

Yield - The return on the capital you invest in a bond. Price and yield are inversely related: As the price of a bond goes up, its yield goes down, and vice versa.

Duration - A measure of the sensitivity of a fixed income security or bond fund to changes in interest rates. The longer a bond or bond fund's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements

Credit spreads - Measures the difference in yields paid on government bonds, viewed as being lower risk, and bonds issued by companies, considered higher risk.

D	is	tri	b	u	ti	o	n	s

	Year 2024	Year 2023	Year 2022	Year 2021
A Income (pence per unit)				
Net income paid 31 January	0.286151	0.269450	0.239330	0.296863
Net income paid 30 April	0.283542	0.266955	0.239562	0.286509
Net income paid 31 July	0.279854	0.284290	0.262800	0.301684
Net income paid 31 October		0.287402	0.262106	0.274948
P Income (pence per unit)				
Net income paid 31 January	0.337397	0.318700	0.296996	0.356194
Net income paid 30 April	0.336905	0.317362	0.295901	0.345586
Net income paid 31 July	0.334044	0.336299	0.318144	0.361508
Net income paid 31 October		0.338477	0.315240	0.334942

Portfolio changes

Total sales for the year

<u>Purchases</u>	Cost (£)
AT&T 7% 30.04.40 Fidelity National Information Services 2.25% 03.12.29	154,845 78,080
Total purchases for the year	232,925
Largest sales	Proceeds (£)
UK Treasury 3 25% 31 01 33	408 805

UK Treasury 3.25% 31.01.33	408,805
Coöperatieve Rabobank 4.625% 23.05.29	283,700
La Banque Postale 5.625% 21.09.28	188,267
KBC Group 1.25% 21.09.27	180,550
Aspire Defence Finance 4.674% 31.03.40	172,224
Aberdeen 5.25% Perp	168,750
America Movil 6.125% 30.03.40	162,046
Equinor 6.875% 11.03.31	160,350
Amazon.com 4.95% 05.12.44	153,563
Deutsche Bahn Finance 3.125% 24.07.26	147,200
Other sales	1,549,970

3,575,425

AUTHORISED STATUS

IFSL Marlborough Bond Income Fund (the Fund) is an authorised unit trust scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and is a UCITS scheme under the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook (COLL) as issued by the Financial Conduct Authority.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Investment objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide income, that is, money paid out from an investment as interest, with the potential for some capital growth, that is, to increase the value of your investment. The Fund aims to outperform the average of the IA Sterling Corporate Bond sector over any 5 year period, after any charges have been taken out of the Fund. However, there is no certainty this will be achieved.

Investment policy

At least 80% of the Fund will be invested in bonds issued by companies and institutions. These will be investment grade bonds which are loans issued by entities that have a high capacity to repay the debt.

The Fund may also invest in sub-investment grade bonds which can be more vulnerable to changing economic conditions, bonds issued by governments, shares (including preference shares and permanent interest bearing shares), bonds which may be converted into shares (known as convertible bonds) and money market instruments (which are shorter term loans).

The Fund is actively managed which means the Manager decides which investments to buy or sell and when. The Manager's principal aim is to buy bonds and hold them to maturity in order to maximise the income generated, although some investments may be sold prior to maturity.

The Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of securities and has no constraints in relation to industry.

The Manager uses derivatives (instruments whose returns are linked to another asset, market or other variable factor) and forward transactions, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management in order to reduce currency risk in the Fund, also known as hedging.

From time to time, the Fund may also use derivative instruments to gain exposure to certain currencies or manage interest rate risk in the Fund.

The Fund may hold up to 20% in cash to enable the ready settlement of liabilities, for the efficient management of the Fund and in pursuit of the Fund's objectives.

Performance target

The performance target is the level of performance the Fund aims to deliver however there is no certainty this will be achieved.

The Investment Association (IA), the trade body for UK investment managers, has created a number of 'sectors' as a way of dividing funds into broad groups with similar characteristics. The Fund will be in the IA Sterling Corporate Bond sector. This Fund aims to be in the top half of all funds included in this sector, as published by Morningstar.

Rights and terms attaching to each unit class

A unit of each class represents a proportional entitlement to the assets of the Fund. The allocation of income and taxation and the rights of each unit in the event the Fund is wound up are on the same proportional basis.

Assessment of value

The AFM is required to carry out an assessment of value at least annually and publish its findings in a report to investors. The Fund is assessed and reported on, in a composite report which the AFM publishes on the website www.ifslfunds.com. The next report is expected to be published by 31 December 2024.

Task force on climate-related financial disclosures

A statement of the climate-related financial disclosures is published on the website https://www.ifslfunds.com/tcfd-reporting.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Changes in prospectus

There have been no significant changes since the last annual report.

Up to date Key Investor Information Documents, Prospectus and Long Reports and Financial Statements for any fund within the AFM's range, can be requested by the investor at any time.

Remuneration policy

In line with the requirements of UCITS V, Investment Fund Services Limited (the AFM) is subject to a remuneration policy which is consistent with the principles outlined in the European Securities and Markets Authority guidelines on sound remuneration policies under UCITS V. The remuneration policies are designed to ensure that any relevant conflicts of interest can be managed appropriately at all times and that the remuneration of its senior staff is in line with the risk policies and objectives of the UCITS funds it manages.

The quantitative remuneration disclosures as at 30 September 2023 (the AFM's year end) are set out below:

	Number of identified staff	remuneration		remuneration
		paid င	paid င	paid င
Remuneration paid to staff of the AFM who have a material impact on the risk profile of the Fund				~
Senior management	8	908,018	768,628	139,390
Risk takers and other identified staff	4	411,040	375,277	35,763
Allocation of total remuneration of the employees of the AFM to the Fund				
Senior management	0.01	855	724	131
Risk takers and other identified staff	0.01	388	354	34

The total number of staff employed by the AFM's group was 238 as at 30 September 2023. The total remuneration paid to those staff was £12,464,744, of which £4,346,942 is attributable to the AFM.

The allocation of remuneration to the Fund is based on Assets Under Management (AUM) and the figures disclosed only include remuneration paid to individuals directly employed by the AFM's group. The way these disclosures are calculated may change in the future.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook as issued and amended by the Financial Conduct Authority.

Allan Hamer Director Sally Helston Director

Investment Fund Services Limited 27 September 2024

STATEMENT OF AUTHORISED FUND MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook (COLL) requires the Authorised Fund Manager (AFM) to prepare financial statements for each accounting year which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund and of the net revenue and net capital gains on the scheme property of the Fund for the year.

In preparing those financial statements the AFM is required to:

- comply with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to UK Authorised Funds issued in May 2014 and amended in June 2017;
- follow United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and applicable accounting standards;
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Fund will continue in operation.

The AFM is required to keep proper accounting records and to manage the Fund in accordance with the COLL rules, the Trust Deed and the Prospectus. The AFM is responsible for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The AFM is responsible for ensuring that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. It is the responsibility of the AFM to take all necessary steps to familiarise itself with any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

STATEMENT OF THE DEPOSITARY'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND REPORT OF THE DEPOSITARY

Statement of the Depositary's Responsibilities in Respect of the Scheme and Report of the Depositary to the Unitholders of the IFSL Marlborough Bond Income Fund of the ("the Trust") for the Period Ended 31 May 2024

The Depositary in its capacity as Trustee of IFSL Marlborough Bond Income Fund must ensure that the Trust is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together "the Regulations"), the Trust Deed and Prospectus (together "the Scheme documents") as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Trust and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Trust in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Trust's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Trust is booked in cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of units of the Trust are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Trust's assets is remitted to the Trust within the usual time limits;
- the Trust's income is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Fund Manager ("the AFM"), which is the UCITS Management Company, are carried
 out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Trust is managed in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Trust in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Trust.

Having carried out such procedures as we considered necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Trust, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that, in all material respects the Trust, acting through the AFM:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Trust's units and the application of the Trust's income in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Trust; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Trust in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Trust.

HSBC Bank plc

27 September 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF IFSL MARLBOROUGH BOND INCOME FUND

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of IFSL Marlborough Bond Income Fund ("the Fund") for the year ended 31 May 2024, which comprise the Statement of Total Return, the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders, the Balance Sheet, the related notes and the Distribution Tables, and the accounting policies of the Fund, which include a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 May 2024 and of the net revenue and net capital gains on the scheme property of the Fund for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the "FRC") Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Authorised Fund Manager's ("the AFM") use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of 12 months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the AFM with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The AFM is responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF IFSL MARLBOROUGH BOND INCOME FUND

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the Financial Conduct Authority ("the FCA")

In our opinion:

- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to Authorised Funds, the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA and the Trust Deed:
- there is nothing to indicate that adequate accounting records have not been kept or that the financial statements are not in agreement with those records; and
- the information given in the AFM's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matter in relation to which the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

• we have not received all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Responsibilities of the AFM

As explained more fully in the Statement of Authorised Fund Manager's responsibilities statement set out on page 5, the AFM is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the AFM determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the AFM is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the AFM either intends to wind up or terminate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF IFSL MARLBOROUGH BOND INCOME FUND

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Fund and determined
 that the most significant are United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including FRS 102,
 the Investment Management Association's Statement of Recommended Practice (IA SORP), the FCA Collective
 Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Fund's Trust Deed and the Prospectus.
- We understood how the Fund is complying with those frameworks through discussions with the AFM and the Fund's administrators and a review of the Fund's documented policies and procedures.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Fund's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by considering the risk of management override, specifically management's propensity to influence revenue and amounts available for distribution.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and
 regulations. Our procedures involved review of the reporting to the AFM with respect to the application of the
 documented policies and procedures and review of the financial statements to test compliance with the reporting
 requirements of the Fund.
- Due to the regulated nature of the Fund, the Statutory Auditor considered the experience and expertise of the engagement team to ensure that the team had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Fund's unitholders, as a body, pursuant to Paragraph 4.5.12 of the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's unitholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Fund's unitholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor Edinburgh

27 September 2024

Notes:

- 1. The maintenance and integrity of the Investment Fund Services Limited website is the responsibility of the AFM; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.
- 2. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

COMPARATIVE TABLE

A Income units Change in net assets per unit	Year to 31.05.2024	Year to 31.05.2023	Year to 31.05.2022
Opening net asset value per unit	pence 40.08	pence 45.28	pence 50.96
Return before operating charges*	3.48	(3.45)	(3.86)
Operating charges	(0.52)	(0.67)	(0.80)
Return after operating charges*	2.96	(4.12)	(4.66)
Distributions on income units	(1.14)	(1.08)	(1.02)
Closing net asset value per unit	41.90	40.08	45.28
Glosnig het asset value per unit	41.00	40.00	40.20
* after direct transaction costs of:	-	-	-
Performance			
Return after charges ^A	7.39%	(9.10)%	(9.14)%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£)	4,921,115	6,638,633	12,196,188
Closing number of units	11,744,533	16,564,250	26,937,833
Operating charges	1.27% ^B	1.60% ^B	1.60%
Direct transaction costs	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Prices (pence per unit)			
Highest unit price	43.15	45.46	52.46
Lowest unit price	39.20	36.95	45.40
P Income units	Year to	Year to	Year to
P Income units Change in net assets per unit	Year to 31.05.2024	Year to 31.05.2023	Year to 31.05.2022
	31.05.2024 pence		
	31.05.2024 pence 41.68	31.05.2023	31.05.2022
Change in net assets per unit	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64	31.05.2023 pence	31.05.2022 pence
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22)	31.05.2023 pence 46.91	31.05.2022 pence 52.60
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges*	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57)	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00)
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22)	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37)	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44)
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges*	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94)	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44)
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35)	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29)	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25)
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Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of:	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35)	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29)	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25)
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance Return after charges ^A	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance Return after charges ^A Other information	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance Return after charges ^A Other information Closing net asset value (£)	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance Return after charges ^A Other information Closing net asset value (£) Closing number of units	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75 8.21% 3,385,085 7,737,878	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance Return after charges Other information Closing net asset value (£) Closing number of units Operating charges Direct transaction costs	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75 8.21% 3,385,085 7,737,878 0.52% ^B	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91 - (8.44)% 4,611,458 9,829,979 0.85%
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance Return after charges Other information Closing net asset value (£) Closing number of units Operating charges Direct transaction costs Prices (pence per unit)	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75 8.21% 3,385,085 7,737,878 0.52% 0.00%	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91 - (8.44)% 4,611,458 9,829,979 0.85% 0.00%
Change in net assets per unit Opening net asset value per unit Return before operating charges* Operating charges Return after operating charges* Distributions on income units Closing net asset value per unit * after direct transaction costs of: Performance Return after charges Other information Closing net asset value (£) Closing number of units Operating charges Direct transaction costs	31.05.2024 pence 41.68 3.64 (0.22) 3.42 (1.35) 43.75 8.21% 3,385,085 7,737,878 0.52% ^B	31.05.2023 pence 46.91 (3.57) (0.37) (3.94) (1.29) 41.68	31.05.2022 pence 52.60 (4.00) (0.44) (4.44) (1.25) 46.91 - (8.44)% 4,611,458 9,829,979 0.85%

^A The return after charges is calculated using the underlying investments bid prices.

Operating charges are normally the same as the Ongoing Charges Figures (OCFs) and are the total expenses paid by each unit class in the year. Where it is considered unsuitable to use the total expenses paid by each unit class in the year to calculate the OCF because of material changes to the Fund's charges an estimate will be calculated instead. The OCFs disclosed in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) (available on IFSL's website, www.ifslfunds.com) give an estimate of future costs.

Direct transaction costs are the total charges for the year, included in the purchase and sale of investments in the portfolio of the Fund. These amounts are expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value over the year and the average units in issue for the pence per unit figures.

^B Effective from 24 April 2023, the Annual Management Charge (AMC) for A Income units decreased from 1.50% to 1.125% and the AMC for P Income units decreased from 0.75% to 0.375%.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (all unit classes)

Lower risk	Higher risk					
←						
Typically lower rew	ower rewards Typically higher reward					cally higher rewards
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

This indicator aims to give you a measure of the price movement of the Fund based on past data. It uses historic returns over the last five years. If five years' data is not available, simulated data based on a representative portfolio is used.

The Fund has been measured as 4 because its investments have experienced moderate volatility in the past. During the year the synthetic risk and reward indicator has remained unchanged.

PORTFOLIO STATEMENT

as at 31 May 2024

is at 31 May 2024			
Holding or nominal value		Bid value	Percentage of total net assets
	STEPLING (31 May 2023 03 00%)	£	%
110 000	STERLING (31 May 2023 - 93.00%) Amgen 5.5% 07.12.26	110,613	1.33
	Anglian Water (Osprey) Financing 2% 31.07.28	79,827	0.96
	Anglian Water Services Financing 2.625% 15.06.27	137,001	1.65
	Anheuser-Busch InBev 4% 24.09.25	98,324	1.18
	Assura Financing 1.625% 30.06.33	72,500	0.87
	Aster Treasury 4.5% 18.12.43	88,250	1.06
	AT&T 7% 30.04.40	166,312	2.00
	Aviva 6.125% 14.11.36	100,742	1.21
150,000	Bank of America 8.125% 02.06.28	162,143	1.95
100,000	Barclays 3% 08.05.26	95,462	1.15
200,000	BNP Paribas 2% 24.05.31	185,000	2.23
150,000	BP Capital Markets 4.25% Perp	141,937	1.71
	Church Commissioners for England 3.25% 14.07.32	220,927	2.66
	Close Brothers Group 2% 11.09.31	168,432	2.03
	Coventry Building Society 12.125% PIBS	174,800	2.11
	CRH Finance (UK) 4.125% 02.12.29	94,671	1.14
	Derwent London 1.875% 17.11.31	93,148	1.12
,	Deutsche Bank 2.625% 16.12.24	196,720	2.37
	Diageo Finance 1.25% 28.03.33	74,638	0.90
	Dwr Cymru (Financing) 2.5% 31.03.36	74,012	0.89
·	Electricity North West 8.875% 25.03.26	158,533	1.91
	General Motors Financial Co 2.25% 06.09.24	99,140	1.19
	GlaxoSmithKline Capital 1.625% 12.05.35	70,932	0.85
	Goldman Sachs Group 6.875% 18.01.38	53,410 133,724	0.64 1.61
	Great Places Housing Group 4.75% 22.10.42	104,875	1.26
	Heathrow Funding 6.45% 10.12.33 Holcim Sterling Finance (Netherlands) 2.25% 04.04.34	74,877	0.90
	HSBC Holdings 7% 07.04.38	212,718	2.56
	IG Group Holdings 3.125% 18.11.28	85,916	1.04
	InterContinental Hotels Group 3.375% 08.10.28	92,217	1.11
	Investec 1.875% 16.07.28	87,493	1.05
	JP Morgan Chase & Co 0.991% 28.04.26	192,122	2.31
	Kraft Heinz Foods 4.125% 01.07.27	97,051	1.17
•	Legal & General Group 5.125% 14.11.48	194,000	2.34
	McDonald's 5.875% 23.04.32	104,666	1.26
100,000	Motability Operations Group 1.5% 20.01.41	57,262	0.69
	Motability Operations Group 3.625% 10.03.36	85,042	1.02
200,000	Nationwide Building Society 5.75% Perp	188,000	2.26
200,000	Natwest Group 2.105% 28.11.31	182,750	2.20
100,000	Next 3.625% 18.05.28	94,406	1.14
100,000	NGG Finance 5.625% 18.06.73	99,334	1.20
•	Northern Gas Networks Finance 4.875% 15.11.35	110,769	1.33
•	Northumbrian Water Finance 2.375% 05.10.27	89,481	1.08
·	Optivo Finance 3.283% 22.03.48	99,917	1.20
	Pension Insurance 4.625% 07.05.31	176,544	2.13
	Platform HG Financing 1.926% 15.09.41	61,236	0.74
	Reckitt Benckiser Treasury Services 1.75% 19.05.32	78,365	0.94
	Sage Group 1.625% 25.02.31	79,273	0.96
	Severn Trent Utilities Finance 4.875% 24.01.42	88,741	1.07
	Sky 4% 26.11.29	105,886	1.28
	Society of Lloyds (The) 4.875% 07.02.47 South Eastern Power Networks 5.625% 30.09.30	173,576 102,479	2.09 1.23
•	Southern Electric Power Distribution 5.5% 07.06.32	91,512	1.23
•	SP Distribution 5.875% 17.07.26	100,936	1.10
•	Svenska Handelsbanken 4.625% 23.08.32	127,181	1.53
•	Thames Water Utilities Finance 4.375% 03.07.34	114,899	1.38
·	THFC (Funding No. 3) 5.2% 11.10.43	94,675	1.14
	Time Warner Cable 5.25% 15.07.42	140,237	1.69
	United Utilities Water 5% 28.02.35	95,400	1.15
•	Verizon Communications 1.875% 19.09.30	82,128	0.99
. 55,550		52, .20	0.00

PORTFOLIO STATEMENT

as at 31 May 2024

Holding or nominal value	Bid value £	Percentage of total net assets %
STERLING (continued)		
100,000 Vodafone Group 3% 12.08.56	57,576	0.69
200,000 Volkswagen International Finance 4.125% 17.11.31	183,538	2.21
100,000 Walgreens Boots Alliance 3.6% 20.11.25	96,127	1.16
200,000 Wells Fargo & Co 4.625% 02.11.35	188,214	2.27
100,000 Welltower 4.5% 01.12.34	89,111	1.07
100,000 Yorkshire Power Finance 7.25% 04.08.28	105,399	1.27
Total Sterling	7,737,127	93.15
UNITED STATES DOLLAR (31 May 2023 - 4.41%)		
165,112 Avangardco Investments Public 10% 29.10.18	140	0.00
Total United States Dollar	140	0.00
Portfolio of stock investments	7,737,267	93.15
Totalia of otoak invocationa	1,101,201	00.10
Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts (31 May 2023 - (0.03)%)		
Portfolio of investments and derivative positions	7,737,267	93.15
Net other assets (excluding derivative positions)	568,933	6.85
Total net assets	8,306,200	100.00

All investments are listed on recognised stock exchanges and are approved securities within the meaning of the FCA rules unless otherwise stated.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

for the year ended 31 May 2024

		Notes	31 May	2024	31 May 2	2023
			£	£	£	£
Income:						
	Net capital gains/(losses)	4		444,368		(1,752,542)
	Revenue	6	322,697		470,887	
Expenses		7	(91,704)		(190,388)	
Net revenu	ie before taxation		230,993		280,499	
Taxation		8		_	<u>-</u>	
Net revenu	ue after taxation		-	230,993	-	280,499
Total retur	n before distributions			675,361		(1,472,043)
Distribution	ns	9		(270,069)		(365,688)
Change in investment	net assets attributable to unithold tactivities	ers from	- -	405,292	- -	(1,837,731)

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

	31 May	2024	31 May	2023
	£	£	£	£
Opening net assets attributable to unitholders		11,037,170		16,807,646
Amounts receivable on issue of units Amounts payable on cancellation of units Amounts payable on unit class conversions	615,603 (3,762,328)		637,307 (4,578,877) (1,202)	
		(3,146,725)	<u> </u>	(3,942,772)
Dilution adjustment		10,143		9,442
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities		405,292		(1,837,731)
Unclaimed distributions		320		585
Closing net assets attributable to unitholders		8,306,200		11,037,170

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 May 2024

10,751,882
10,751,882
10,751,882
212,118
228,998
11,192,998
3,745
34,145
82,578
35,360
155,828
11,037,170

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102") and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice ("SORP") for Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Fund. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investments and certain financial instruments at fair value.

There are no material events that have been identified that may cast significant doubt about the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date these financial statements are authorised for issue. The Authorised Fund Manager (AFM) believes that the Fund has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Revenue

Interest on debt securities is recognised on an accruals basis. Accrued interest purchased and sold on debt securities is excluded from the capital cost of these securities and is treated as revenue. Interest earned from debt securities is accounted for on an effective yield basis. Effective yield is where the interest arising on the security that is purchased at a discount or premium to the maturity value is amortised and recognised at a consistent rate over the life of the security.

Bank interest is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Allocation of revenue

Revenue, attributable after expenses to multiple unit classes, with the exception of the AFM's periodic charge, which is directly attributable to individual unit classes, is allocated to unit classes pro-rata to the value of the net assets of the relevant unit class on the day that the revenue is incurred.

Expenses

All expenses, other than those relating to purchase and sale of investments, are charged against revenue on an accruals basis.

Valuation

The valuation point was 12:00 on 31 May 2024 being the last valuation point of the accounting year.

Listed investments are valued at fair value which is the bid price.

Unlisted, unapproved, illiquid or suspended securities are valued at the AFM's best estimate of the amount that would be received from the immediate transfer at arm's length in a manner designed to show fair value. This modelling takes into account, where appropriate, latest dealing prices, valuations from reliable sources, financial performance, maturity of the company and other relevant factors.

Where applicable, investment valuations exclude any element of accrued revenue.

Taxation

Corporation tax has been provided for at 20% on taxable income less expenses. Deferred taxation is provided on a full provision basis on timing differences arising from the different treatment of items for accounting and tax purposes. Potential future liabilities and assets are recognised where the transactions, or events giving rise to them, occurred before the balance sheet date.

Exchange rates

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates prevailing at 12:00 on 31 May 2024 being the last valuation point of the accounting year. Revenue and expenditure transactions are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on the dates of the transactions. Exchange differences on such transactions follow the same treatment as the principal amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Dilution adjustment

The Fund is priced on a single price basis and may suffer a reduction in value as a result of the transaction costs incurred in the purchase and sale of its underlying investments and the spread between the buying and selling prices of such investments caused by subscriptions and redemptions in and out of the Fund. This is known as "dilution". Under certain circumstances dilution may have a material adverse effect on the existing/continuing unitholders' interest in the Fund. In order to counter this and to protect unitholders' interests, the AFM will apply "swing pricing" as part of its daily valuation policy. This will mean that in certain circumstances the Fund will make adjustments to counter the impact of dealing and other costs on occasions when these are deemed to be significant. Any dilution adjustment will be applied consistently and, in the usual course of business, automatically.

2 DISTRIBUTION POLICIES

The distribution policy of the Fund is to distribute all available revenue, after deduction of expenses properly chargeable against revenue. Gains and losses on non-derivative instruments and currencies, whether realised or unrealised, are taken to capital and are not available for distribution.

As the investment objective of the Fund is to concentrate on the generation of revenue as a higher priority than capital growth, both the AFM and the Trustee have agreed that 50% of the AFM's periodic charge is to be taken from capital for the purpose of calculating the distribution, as permitted by the regulations.

During the year, the Fund was more than 60% invested in qualifying investments (as defined by SI 2006/964, Reg. 20) and therefore qualified as a bond fund. The Fund paid interest distributions.

Equalisation

Equalisation applies only to units purchased during the distribution period. It is the average amount of income included in the purchase price of all group 2 units and is refunded to holders of these units as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to UK income tax but must be deducted from the cost of the units for UK capital gains tax purposes.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund holds a number of financial instruments. The Fund's financial instruments comprise securities held in accordance with the investment objectives and policies together with cash balances, debtors and creditors that arise directly from its operations, for example, in respect of sales and purchases awaiting settlement, amounts receivable for issues and payable for redemptions and debtors for accrued income.

The main risks arising from the Fund's financial instruments and the AFM's policies for managing these risks are summarised below. These policies have been applied throughout the year.

The Fund is managed according to COLL 5, 'Investment and Borrowing Powers' which helps achieve the statutory objective of protecting consumers by laying down the minimum standards for the investments that may be held by an authorised fund. In particular: (a) the proportion of transferable securities and derivatives that may be held by the authorised fund is restricted if those transferable securities and derivatives are not listed on an eligible market. The intention of this is to restrict the transferable securities and derivatives that cannot be accurately valued and readily disposed of; and (b) the authorised funds are required to comply with a number of investment rules that require the spreading of risk.

Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's investment holdings will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than interest rate or foreign currency movement. Market price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments the Fund holds. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Fund's investment portfolio is exposed to market price fluctuations which are monitored by the AFM in pursuance of the investment objective and policy as set out in the Prospectus.

Investment limits set out in the Trust Deed, Prospectus and in the rules contained in the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook mitigate the risk of excessive exposure to any particular security or issuer.

Foreign currency risk

The income and capital value of the Fund's investments can be affected by foreign currency translation movements as some of the Fund's assets and income may be denominated in currencies other than sterling which is the Fund's functional currency. It is however a part of the Fund's strategy to hedge a substantial part of its foreign currency exposure back to sterling.

The AFM has identified three principal areas where foreign currency risk could impact the Fund. These are, movements in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement of the investment occurs, and finally movements in exchange rates affecting income received by the Fund. The Fund converts all receipts of income received in currency into sterling on the day of receipt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (continued)

Derivatives

A proportion of the Fund is invested in bonds denominated in currencies other than sterling. The Fund has the option when it is considered appropriate to hedge this foreign currency exposure by entering into forward foreign currency exchange contracts. This would reduce either the profits or losses which would otherwise arise on currency movements. In general the Fund does hedge a substantial part of its foreign currency exposure.

Credit and counterparty risk

Certain transactions in securities that the Fund enters into expose it to the risk that the counterparty will not deliver the investment for a purchase, or cash for a sale after the Fund has fulfilled its responsibilities. The Fund only buys and sells investments through brokers which have been approved by the AFM as an acceptable counterparty.

The Fund invests in fixed interest bonds, which are generally viewed as lower-risk investments than equities. However the solvency of organisations with whom the Fund invests cannot be guaranteed, and any difficulty may adversely affect the Fund's performance. Although bonds have a fixed coupon or interest payment, the Fund will be buying and selling bonds on a regular basis, and so the overall level of income will fluctuate.

Lower graded bonds may have a higher risk of the issuer failing to meet its income or capital repayments when due.

Interest rate risk

Interest receivable on bank deposits or payable on bank overdraft positions will be affected by fluctuations in interest rates. The Fund's cash holdings are held in deposit accounts, whose rates are determined by the banks concerned on a daily basis.

The Fund invests in fixed and floating rate securities. The income of the Fund may be affected by changes to interest rates relevant to particular securities or as a result of the fund manager being unable to secure similar returns on the expiry of contracts or sale of securities. The value of fixed interest securities may be affected by interest rate movements or the expectation of such movements in the future.

Liquidity risk

The Fund's assets comprise mainly of readily realisable securities. The main liability of the Fund is the redemption of any units that investors wish to sell. Assets of the Fund may need to be sold if insufficient cash is available to finance such redemptions. The liquidity of the Fund's assets is regularly reviewed by the AFM.

4	NET CAPITAL GAINS/(LOSSES)	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
	The net gains/(losses) on investments during the year comprise:		
	Non-derivative securities gains/(losses)	423,677	(1,719,862)
	Gains/(losses) on forward foreign exchange contracts	26,361	(1,228)
	Other currency losses	(5,544)	(31,131)
	Transaction charges	(126)	(321)
	Net capital gains/(losses)	444,368	(1,752,542)
5	PURCHASES, SALES AND TRANSACTION COSTS	31 May 2024	31 May 2023
	All purchases and sales are in debt securities.	£	£
	Purchases excluding transaction costs	232,925	2,330,767
	Total purchase transaction costs	-	-
	Purchases including transaction costs	232,925	2,330,767
	Sales excluding transaction costs	3,575,425	6,058,549
	Total sale transaction costs	-	-
	Sales net of transaction costs	3,575,425	6,058,549
	Transaction handling charges		
	These are charges payable to the trustee in respect each transaction.	126	321

Average portfolio dealing spread

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

Average portfolio dealing spread at the balance sheet date

0.62%

0.85%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

6	REVENUE	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
	Interest on debt securities	316,774	464,035
	Bank interest	5,923	6,852
	Total revenue	322,697	470,887
7	EXPENSES	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
	Payable to the AFM or associate:		
	AFM's periodic charge	78,151	170,359
	Registration fees	2,989	3,287
	O.I.	81,140	173,646
	Other expenses:	0.620	4.000
	Trustee's fees	2,639 732	4,902
	Safe custody fees	132	1,195
	Bank interest	-	1,007
	Financial Conduct Authority fee	23	(21)
	Audit fee	10,277	9,659
	Audit fee rebate	(3,107)	16.740
		10,564	16,742
	Total expenses	91,704	190,388
8	TAXATION	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
а	Analysis of the tax charge for the year UK Corporation tax at 20%	-	-
	Total tax charge for the year (see note 8(b))	-	-
	The taxation assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corpora differences are explained below: Net revenue before taxation UK Corporation tax at 20% (2023: 20%)	230,993 46,199	280,499 56,100
	Effects of:		
	Interest distribution allowable for taxation	(46,199)	(56,100)
	Total tax charge for the year (see note 8(a))	-	-
9	DISTRIBUTIONS	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
	The distributions take account of revenue received on the issue of units and revecomprise:	enue deducted on the cand	
	1st Interim	72,629	96,252
	2nd Interim	66,385	91,133
	3rd Interim	61,879	81,011
	Final	58,716	82,578
	Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of units	12,870	16,917
	Deduct: Revenue received on issue of units	(2,410)	(1,001)
	Equalisation on conversions	(2,410)	(1,202)
	Distributions	270,069	365,688
	Diotinations	210,000	555,000
	Net revenue after taxation	230,993	280,499
	Add: AFM's periodic charge to capital	39,076	85,189
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	270,069	365,688
			,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

10	DEBTORS	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
	Amounts receivable for issue of units	39,968	150
	Accrued income	147,857	211,968
	Total debtors	<u> 187,825</u>	212,118
11	OTHER CREDITORS	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
	Amounts payable for cancellation of units	3,246	16,374
	AFM's periodic charge and registration fees	6,112	9,004
	Accrued expenses	7,437	9,982
	Total other creditors	16,795	35,360

12 RELATED PARTIES

The AFM is involved in all transactions in the units of the Fund, the aggregate values of which are set out in the statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders and note 9. Amounts due from/to the AFM in respect of unit transactions at the year end are disclosed in notes 10 and 11, respectively. Amounts paid to the AFM in respect of the AFM's periodic charge and registration fees are disclosed in note 7. Amounts due from/(to) the AFM at the year end are £30,610 (2023: £(25,228)).

In addition to the above, some units in the Fund are owned by directors of Investment Fund Services Limited, directors of Marlborough Group Holdings Limited, the immediate parent company of Investment Fund Services Limited, or directors of UFC Fund Management plc, the ultimate parent company of Investment Fund Services Limited, as set out below:

	31 May 2024	31 May 2023
Proportion of units owned by directors of:		
UFC Fund Management plc	0.16%	0.11%

Distributions were payable on the above holdings at the rates applicable to other unitholders.

13 UNIT CLASSES

The unit classes in issue for the Fund and the annual management charge for each unit class is as follows:

A Income	1.125%
P Income	0.375%

14 UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS RECONCILIATION

During the year the AFM has issued and cancelled units as set out below:

	A Income	P Income
Opening units in issue at 1 June 2023	16,564,250	10,552,248
Unit issues	877,204	618,015
Unit cancellations	(5,696,921)	(3,432,385)
Closing units in issue at 31 May 2024	11,744,533	7,737,878

15 RISK DISCLOSURES

Market price risk sensitivity

A five per cent increase in the market prices of the Fund's portfolio would have the effect of increasing the return and net assets by £386,863 (2023: £537,594). A five per cent decrease would have an equal and opposite effect.

Foreign currency risk

At the year end date a portion of the net assets of the Fund were denominated in currencies other than sterling with the effect that the balance sheet and total return can be affected by exchange rate movements.

Foreign currency exposure at 31 May 2024	Investments £	Net other assets £	Total £
Euro	-	3	3
US dollar	140	-	140
	140	3	143

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

RISK DISCLOSURES (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

Foreign currency exposure at 31 May 2023	Investments £	Net other assets £	Total £
Euro	-	(11)	(11)
US dollar	482,568	9,249	491,817
	482,568	9,238	491,806

Foreign currency risk sensitivity

A five per cent decrease in the value of sterling relative to the foreign currencies above would have the effect of increasing the return and net assets by £7 (2023: 24,590). A five per cent increase would have an equal and opposite effect.

Derivatives risk

The underlying exposure to forward currency contracts at 31 May 2024 was nil (2023: net unrealised loss of £3,745).

Interest rate risk	31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
The interest rate risk profile of financial assets and liabilities consists of the following:		
Financial assets fixed interest rate		
Sterling	7,737,127	10,265,569
Euro	-	-
US dollar	140	486,313
Financial assets floating rate ^A	7,737,267	10,751,882
Sterling	456,616	228,998
Euro US dollar	3 -	-
	456,619	228,998
Financial assets non-interest bearing instruments Sterling	187,825	202,870
Euro US dollar	-	9,248
Financial liabilities floating rate ^A	187,825	212,118
Sterling Euro	-	(34,135) (10)
	-	(34,145)
<u>Financial liabilities non-interest bearing instruments</u> Sterling	(75,511)	(117,938)
US dollar		(3,745)
	(75,511)	(121,683)
	8,306,200	11,037,170

^A Floating rate assets and liabilities comprise bank balances and overdrafts, whose rates are determined by reference to SONIA or an international equivalent borrowing rate. Interest on investments is variable based on the distribution received from underlying investments.

Interest rate risk sensitivity

Changes in interest rates or changes in expectations of future interest rates may result in an increase or decrease in the market value of the investments held. A half of one per cent increase in interest rates would have the effect of decreasing the return and net assets by £218,512 (2023: £331,115). A half of one per cent decrease would have an equal and opposite effect.

Debt security credit analysis

, , , ,	31 May 2024	31 May 2023
	Bid valu	e (£)
Investments of investment grade	7,038,629	10,340,966
Investments below investment grade:	523,698	407,490
Unrated	174,940	3,426
Total of debt securities	7,737,267	10,751,882

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2024

RISK DISCLOSURES (continued)

Liquidity risk		31 May 2024 £	31 May 2023 £
The following table pro	vides a maturity analysis of the Fund's financial liabilities:	~	~
On demand Non-derivatives	Bank overdrafts	-	34,145
Within one year Derivatives: Non-derivatives	Investment liabilities Distribution payable Other creditors	58,716 16,795 75,511	3,745 82,578 35,360 155,828

16 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS

	31 May 2024		31 May 2023	
Basis of valuation	Assets (£)	Liabilities (£)	Assets (£)	Liabilities (£)
Level 1 - Quoted prices	-	-	417,184	-
Level 2 - Observable market data	7,737,267	-	10,334,698	3,745
Level 3 - Unobservable data	-	-	-	-
	7,737,267	-	10,751,882	3,745

The intention of a fair value measurement is to estimate the price at which an asset or liability could be exchanged in the market conditions prevailing at the measurement date. The measurement assumes the exchange is an orderly transaction (that is, it is not a forced transaction, involuntary liquidation or distress sale) between knowledgeable, willing participants on an independent basis.

The purpose of the fair value hierarchy is to prioritise the inputs that should be used to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities. The highest priority is given to quoted prices at which a transaction can be entered into and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs.

In accordance with FRS102 the Fund classifies fair value measurement under the following levels:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument;

Level 2 - Valuation techniques using observable inputs other than quoted prices within level 1; and

Level 3 - Valuation techniques using unobservable inputs.

17 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Since 31 May 2024, the Net Asset Value per unit has changed as follows:

	Net Asset Value per unit (pence)		
	31 May 2024 ^A	23 September 2024	Movement (%)
A Income	42.31	43.06	1.77%
P Income	44.20	45.01	1.83%

^A These Net Asset Values differ from those in the Comparative Table as they are the quoted Net Asset Values.

DISTRIBUTION TABLE

First quarter distribution for the period from 1 June 2023 to 31 August 2023

Group 1: units purchased prior to 1 June 2023 Group 2: units purchased on or after 1 June 2023

		Gross revenue 31 August 2023 pence per unit	Equalisation 31 August 2023 pence per unit	Distribution paid 31 October 2023 pence per unit	Distribution paid 31 October 2022 pence per unit
A Income	Group 1 Group 2	0.287402 0.154225	0.133177	0.287402 0.287402	0.262106 0.262106
P Income	Group 1 Group 2	0.338477 0.166362	- 0.172115	0.338477 0.338477	0.315240 0.315240

Second quarter distribution for the period from 1 September 2023 to 30 November 2023

Group 1: units purchased prior to 1 September 2023 Group 2: units purchased on or after 1 September 2023

		Gross revenue 30 November 2023 pence per unit	Equalisation 30 November 2023 pence per unit	Distribution paid 31 January 2024 pence per unit	Distribution paid 31 January 2023 pence per unit
A Income	Group 1	0.286151	-	0.286151	0.269450
	Group 2	0.163714	0.122437	0.286151	0.269450
P Income	Group 1	0.337397	-	0.337397	0.318700
	Group 2	0.162342	0.175055	0.337397	0.318700

Third quarter distribution for the period from 1 December 2023 to 28 February 2024

Group 1: units purchased prior to 1 December 2023 Group 2: units purchased on or after 1 December 2023

		Gross revenue 28 February 2024 pence per unit	Equalisation 28 February 2024 pence per unit	Distribution paid 30 April 2024 pence per unit	Distribution paid 30 April 2023 pence per unit
A Income	Group 1	0.283542	-	0.283542	0.266955
	Group 2	0.277831	0.005711	0.283542	0.266955
P Income	Group 1	0.336905	-	0.336905	0.317362
	Group 2	0.165231	0.171674	0.336905	0.317362

Final distribution for the period from 1 March 2024 to 31 May 2024

Group 1: units purchased prior to 1 March 2024 Group 2: units purchased on or after 1 March 2024

		Gross revenue 31 May 2024 pence per unit	Equalisation 31 May 2024 pence per unit	Distribution paid 31 July 2024 pence per unit	Distribution paid 31 July 2023 pence per unit
A Income	Group 1	0.279854	-	0.279854	0.284290
	Group 2	0.133303	0.146551	0.279854	0.284290
P Income	Group 1	0.334044	-	0.334044	0.336299
	Group 2	0.062233	0.271811	0.334044	0.336299

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